ULTRASOUND MEDICARE REQUIREMENTS		
ITEM NUMBER	REGION	CLINICAL INDICATIONS
		Suspected rotator cuff tear
		Calcification
		Tendonitis
FF0C4	CHOLLI DED /LIDDED ADAA	Bursitis
55864	SHOULDER/UPPER ARM	Capsulitis
		Biceps subluxation
		Mass lesion/ganglion
		AC joint pathology
	KNEE	Tendon abnormality
		Bursa abnormality
55880		Meniscal pathology
		Injury to collateral ligaments
		Popliteal cysts/mass

GP REFERRED MRI FOR SPECIFIC CONDITIONS – ADULTS (AGED 16 YEARS OR OLDER)		
ITEM NUMBER	REGION	CLINICAL INDICATIONS
63551	BRAIN	Chronic Headache
		Seizures
63554	CERVICAL SPINE	Cervical Radiculopathy
63557		Cervical Spine Trauma
63560	KNEE (Aged 16-49 Only)	Acute trauma with one of the following
		Inability to extend the knee and suspected Meniscal Tear
		Clinical findings suggesting acute Anterior Cruciate Ligament Tear (ACL)

GP REFERRED MRI FOR SPECIFIC CONDITIONS – PAEDIATRICS (AGED 16 YEARS OR UNDER)		
ITEM NUMBER	REGION	CLINICAL INDICATIONS
63507	BRAIN	Headaches
03307		Seizures
63507	PARANASAL SINUSES	Sinus Pathology
63513	KNEE*	Internal Derangement
	HIP	Septic Arthritis
63516		Perthes
		Slipped Epiphysis
63522	WRIST*	Scaphoid Fracture
63519	ELBOW*	Fracture
03319		Avulsion Injury
	CERVICAL SPINE	Pain
63510	THORACIC SPINE	Trauma
	LUMBAR SPINE	

GASTROENTEROLOGIST REFERRED MRI FOR SPECIFIC CONDITIONS			
ITEM NUMBER	REGION	CLINICAL INDICATIONS	
63740	ABDOMEN/PELVIS	<ul> <li>a) Evaluation of disease extent at time of initial diagnosis of Crohn's disease;</li> <li>b) Evaluation of exacerbation / suspected complications of known Crohn's disease;</li> <li>c) Evaluation of known or suspected Crohn's Disease in pregnancy; or</li> <li>d) Assessment of change in therapy in a patient with small bowel Crohn's disease.</li> </ul>	
This item	This item applies only once in a 12 month period where the service is provided for assessment of change to therapy in a patient with small bowel  Crohn's disease		
63743	ABDOMEN/PELVIS	a) Evaluation of pelvic sepsis and fistulas associated with established or suspected Crohn's disease; or b) Assessment of change to therapy of pelvis sepsis and fistulas from Crohn's disease.	
This item applies only once in a 12 month period where the service is provided for assessment of change to therapy of pelvis sepsis and fistulas from Crohn's disease			

BONE MINERAL DENSITY CONDITIONS		
ITEM NUMBER	REGION	CLINICAL INDICATIONS
12306	BONE MINERAL DENSITY	a) confirmation of a presumptive diagnosis of low bone mineral density made on the basis of one or more fractures occuring after minimal trauma; or
		b) monitoring of low bone mineral density proven by bone densitometry at least 12 months previously
	BONE MINERAL DENSITY	a) <b>prolonged glucocorticoid therapy;</b> ( 'Prolonged glucocorticoid therapy' is defined as the commencement of a dosage of inhaled glucocorticoid equivalent to or greater than 800 micrograms
12312		b) any condition associated with excess glucocorticoid secretion; (a supraphysiological glucocorticoid dosage equivalent to or greater than 7.5 mg prednisolone in an adult taken orally per day; for a period anticipated to last for at least 4 months. Glucocorticoid therapy must be contemporaneous with the current scan. Patients no longer on steroids would not qualify for benefits
12312	DOTTE WINTEROLE DENOTIFY	c) male hypogonadism; (Male hypogonadism is defined as serum testosterone levels below the age matched normal range
		d) female hypogonadism lasting more than 6 months before the age of 45; (Female hypogonadism is defined as serum oestrogen levels below the age matched normal range). other than a service associated with a service to which item 12306, 12315 or 12321 applies For any particular patient, once only in a 12 month period
		a) primary hyperparathyroidism;
		b) chronic liver disease;
		c) chronic renal disease;
12315	BONE MINERAL DENSITY	d) any proven malabsorptive disorder; (A malabsorptive disorder is defined as one or more of the
12313	BONE WIINERAL DENSITY	following: 1) malabsorption of fat, defined as faecal fat; 2) bowel disease with presumptive vitamin D; 3) histologically proven Coeliac disease
		e) rheumatoid arthritis;
		f) any condition associated with thyroxine excess;
	BONE MINERAL DENSITY	a) the patient is 70 years of age or over; and
42220		b) either:
12320		1) the patient has not previously had bone densitometry; or
		2) the t-score for the patient's bone mineral density is -1.5 or more;
	BONE MINERAL DENSITY	a) established low bone mineral density; or
12321		b) confirming a presumptive diagnosis of low bone mineral density made on the basis of one or more
		fractures occuring after minimal trauma;
12322	BONE MINERAL DENSITY	a) the patient is 70 years of age or over; and
17277		b) the t-score for the patient's bone mineral density is less than -1.5 but more than -2.5;

	CT CORONARY ANGIOGRAM CONDITIONS		
ITEM NUMBER	REGION	CLINICAL INDICATIONS	
57360	CTCA	Patient not known to have coronary artery disease who has stable or acute symptoms consistent with coronary ischaemia and is at low to intermediate risk of an acute coronary event (Not applicable more than once in 5 years.)	
		Patient meets the criteria for selective coronary angiography under MBS Item No 38244, 38247, 38248 or 38249. CT Coronary angiography will be performed as an alternative assessment.	
57364		Stable symptoms and newly recognised left ventricular systolic dysfunction of unknown aetiology	
	CTCA	Will require the assessment of one or more bypass grafts.	
	CICA	Will be undergoing non-coronary cardiac surgery	
		Requires exclusion of coronary artery anomaly or fistula	

NUCLEAR MEDICINE MYOCARDIAL PERFUSION / VIABILITY SCAN CONDITIONS			
ITEM NUMBER	REGION	CLINICAL INDICATIONS	
		Patient has symptoms of Cardiac Ischemia and must meet 1 of the criteria	
		Stress echo unlikely to be adequate due to:	
		(a)body habitus, including obesity,	
61345	MIBI	(b) arrhythmia, including atrial fibrillation	
		Unable to exercise adequately for maximal exercise test	
		Failed previous stress echo (in last 24 months)	
		Repeat within 24 mths if patient has undergone Revascularisation since Myocardial Perfusion and or has ongoing or evolving symptoms	

MRI SCAN OF CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM FOR ASSESSMENT OF MYOCARDIAL STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION CONDITIONS		
ITEM NUMBER	REGION	CLINICAL INDICATIONS
63395	Cardiac	Symptoms or Investigations consistent with ARVC (Arrythmogenic Right Ventricular Cardiomyopathy)
63397	Cardiac	Asymptomatic with 1 or more first degree relatives with ARVC
63399	Cardiac	<ul> <li>a. the patient has suspected myocarditis after receiving a mRNA COVID-19 vaccine; and</li> <li>b. the patient had symptom onset within 21 days of a mRNA COVID-19 vaccine administration; and</li> <li>c. the results from the following examinations are inconclusive to form a diagnosis of myocarditis:</li> <li>(i) echocardiogram; and</li> <li>(ii) troponin; and</li> <li>(iii) chest X-ray.</li> <li>Applicable not more than once in a patient's lifetime (R) (Contrast)</li> </ul>

	TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARDIOGRAM		
ITEM NUMBER	REGION	CLINICAL INDICATIONS	
55126	CARDIAC	Initial transthoracic echocardiographic examination of the heart, Referred by GP or Specialist every 2 years  To investigate any of the following: (i) symptoms or signs of cardiac failure; (ii) suspected or known ventricular hypertrophy or dysfunction; (iii) pulmonary hypertension; (iv) valvular, aortic, pericardial, thrombotic or embolic disease; (v) heart tumour; (vi) symptoms or signs of congenital heart disease; (vii) other rare indications;	
55127	CARDIAC	Repeat serial transthoracic echocardiographic examination of the heart, Can be billed every 12 months.  (a) is for the investigation of known valvular dysfunction; and  (b) is requested by a specialist or consultant physician;	
55129	CARDIAC	Repeat serial transthoracic echocardiographic examination of the heart, Can be billed every 12 months  (a) valvular dysfunction is not the primary issue for the patient (although it may be a secondary issue); and  (b) the service is for the investigation of any of the following:  (i) symptoms or signs of cardiac failure;  (ii) suspected or known ventricular hypertrophy or dysfunction;  (iii) pulmonary hypertension;  (iv) aortic, thrombotic, embolic disease or pericardial disease (excluding isolated pericardial effusion or pericarditis);  (v) heart tumour;  (vi) structural heart disease;  (vii) other rare indications; and  (c) the service is requested by a specialist or consultant physician;	